ABSTRACT

Disclosed herein are an ultraviolet irradiation apparatus for photochemical reactions which can irradiate 5 the photo-reactive solution with ultraviolet rays having a specific wavelength suitable for the intended photochemical reaction at a high efficiency, and a process by which a provitamin D derivative can be converted into a previtamin D derivative at a high efficiency by means of a photochemical reaction by one-step process of light 10 irradiation, thereby preparing a vitamin D derivative at a high efficiency.

The ultraviolet irradiation apparatus irradiates the photo-reactive solution with the ultraviolet rays having the specific wavelength through a quartz rod. Specifically, 15 the apparatus is constructed by an electric discharge lamp, a condensing and reflecting mirror and a plane mirror both having wavelength selective property, an optical filter which transmits the ultraviolet rays having the specific wavelength, and a quartz rod on which the ultraviolet rays 20 having the specific wavelength are struck. The photoreactive solution is irradiated with the ultraviolet rays from the quartz rod. The quartz rod is immersed in the photo-reactive solution, or a reaction vessel is irradiated with the ultraviolet rays from the quartz rod.

In the preparation process of the vitamin ${\tt D}$ derivative, an ultraviolet irradiation apparatus for

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photochemical reactions having an ultraviolet radiationemitting lamp, an optical system having wavelength
selective property and a quartz rod on which the
ultraviolet rays having the specific wavelength from the
optical system are struck is used, and a solution of a
provitamin D derivative is irradiated with the ultraviolet
rays having the specific wavelength emitted from the
quartz rod to cause a photochemical reaction of the
provitamin D derivative solution, thereby forming a
previtamin D derivative. The previtamin D derivative is
further subjected to a thermal isomerization reaction to
prepare the vitamin D derivative.